

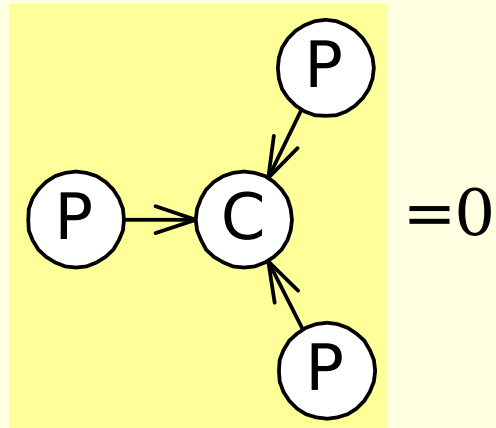
2DH Curves

Cubic

The Cubic Curve Equation

$$\begin{aligned}
 &Ax^3 + 3Bx^2y + 3Cxy^2 + Dy^3 \\
 &+ 3Ex^2w + 6Fxyw + 3Gy^2w \\
 &+ 3Hxw^2 + 3Jyw^2 \\
 &+ Kw^3 = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & y & w \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 A & B & E & B & C & F & E & F & H \\
 B & C & F & C & D & G & F & G & J \\
 E & F & H & F & G & J & H & J & K
 \end{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ w \end{bmatrix} = 0$$



Standard Positions

$$\begin{aligned} &Ax^3 + 3Bx^2y + 3Cxy^2 + Dy^3 \\ &+ 3Ex^2w + 6Fxyw + 3Gy^2w \\ &+ 3Hxw^2 + 3Jyw^2 \\ &+ Kw^3 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Transform to make some coefficients
zero

$$\begin{aligned} &Ax^3 + 3Bx^2y + 3Cxy^2 + Dy^3 \\ &+ 3Ex^2w + 6Fxyw + 3Gy^2w \\ &+ 3Hxw^2 + 3Jyw^2 \\ &+ Kw^3 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &Ax^3 + 3Bx^2y + 3Cxy^2 + Dy^3 \\ &+ 3Ex^2w + 6Fxyw + 3Gy^2w \\ &+ 3Hxw^2 + 3Jyw^2 \\ &+ Kw^3 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &Ax^3 + 3Bx^2y + 3Cxy^2 + Dy^3 \\ &+ 3Ex^2w + 6Fxyw + 3Gy^2w \\ &+ 3Hxw^2 + 3Jyw^2 \\ &+ Kw^3 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

My Favorite Standard Position

$$\begin{aligned} &Ax^3 + 3Bx^2y + 3Cxy^2 + Dy^3 \\ &+ 3Ex^2w + 6Fxyw + 3Gy^2w \\ &+ 3Hxw^2 + 3Jyw^2 \\ &+ Kw^3 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$- 3Gy^2w = Ax^3 + 3Ex^2w + 3Hxw^2 + Kw^3$$

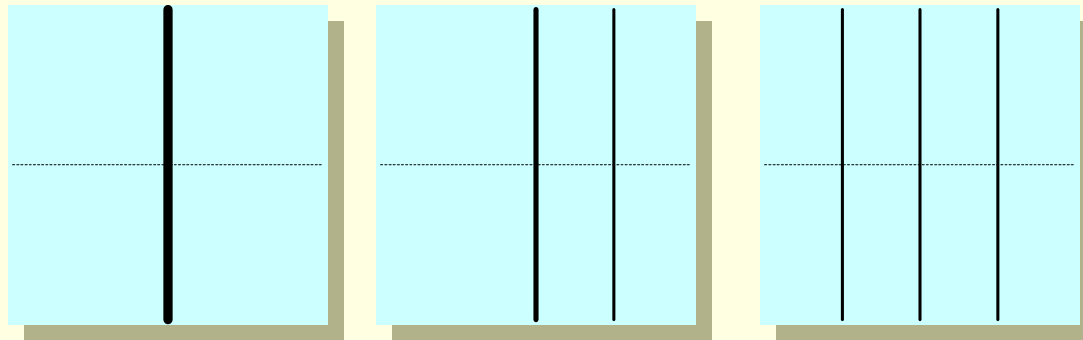
The Catalog – Reducible Cubics

$$-3Gy^2w = Ax^3 + 3Ex^2w + 3Hxw^2 + Kw^3$$

$$G = 0$$

β

$$0 = Ax^3 + 3Ex^2w + 3Hxw^2 + Kw^3$$



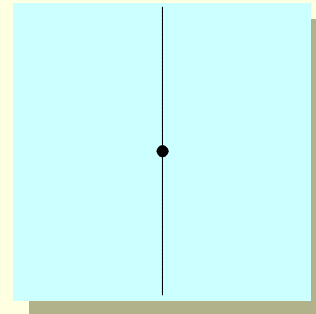
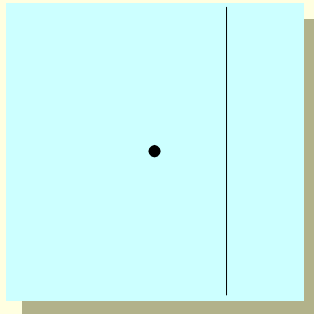
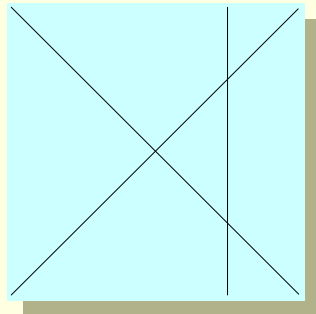
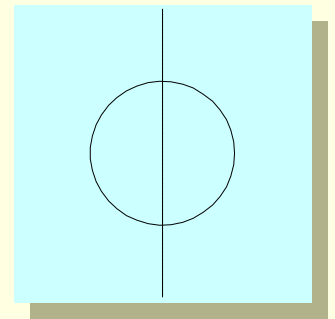
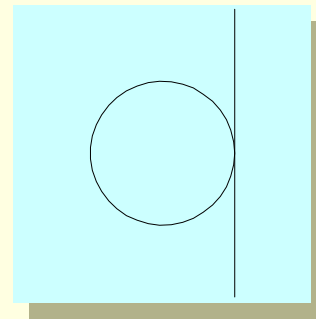
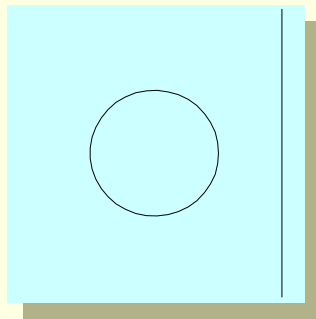
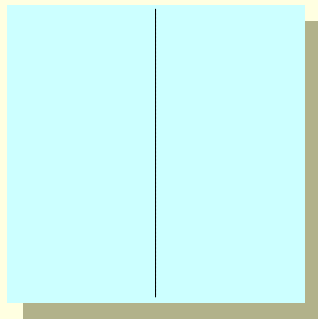
The Catalog – Reducible Cubics

$$-3Gy^2w = Ax^3 + 3Ex^2w + 3Hxw^2 + Kw^3$$

$$A=0$$

β

$$0 = (3Ex^2 + 3Hxw + Kw^2 - 3Gy^2) w$$



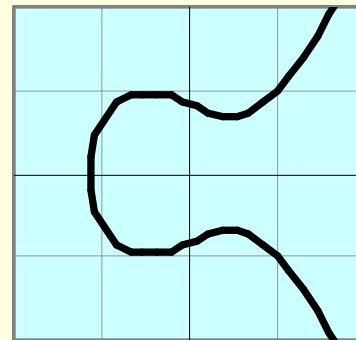
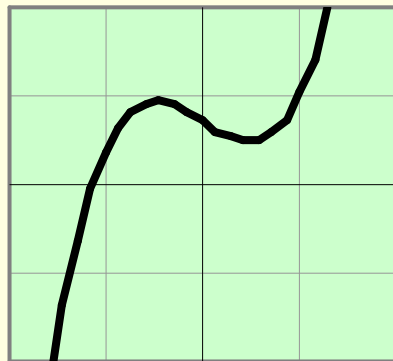
The Catalog

$$G \neq 0 \quad -3Gy^2w = Ax^3 + 3Ex^2w + 3Hxw^2 + Kw^3$$

$$A \neq 0 \quad \beta$$

$$y^2w = x^3 + 3Hxw^2 + Kw^3$$

$$Y = \sqrt{X^3 + cX + d}$$



Not A Two Parameter Class

$$Y = \sqrt{X^3 + cX + d}$$

Scale in X
and Y

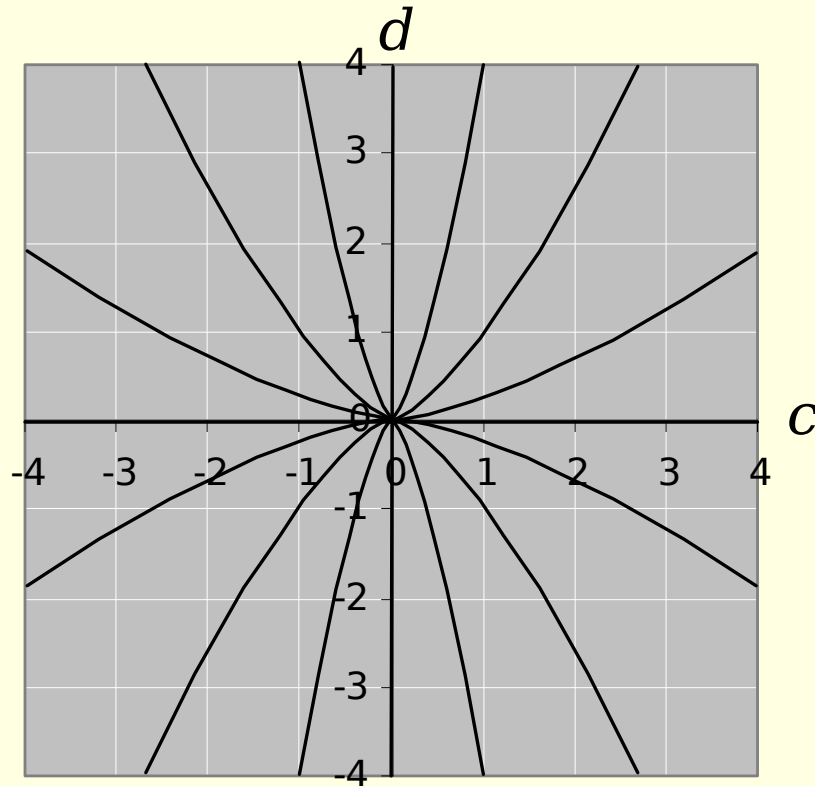
$$sY = \sqrt{\left(\sqrt[3]{s^2} X\right)^3 + c\left(\sqrt[3]{s^2} X\right) + d}$$

$$Y = \sqrt{X^3 + \hat{c}X + \hat{d}}$$

$$\hat{c} = cs^{-4/3}, \hat{d} = ds^{-2}$$

$$\frac{c^3}{d^2} = \frac{\hat{c}^3}{\hat{d}^2} = \text{constant}$$

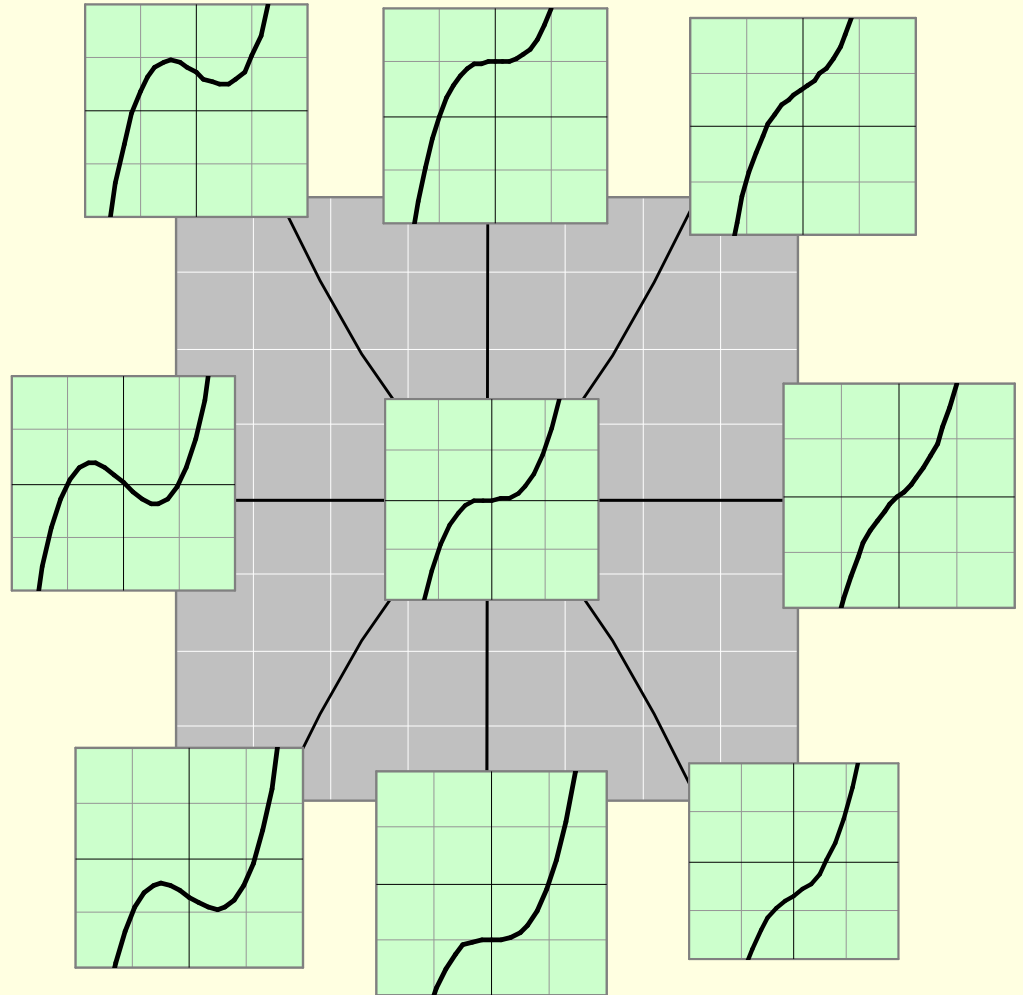
Space of Irreducible Cubics



$$\frac{c^3}{d^2} = \text{constant}$$

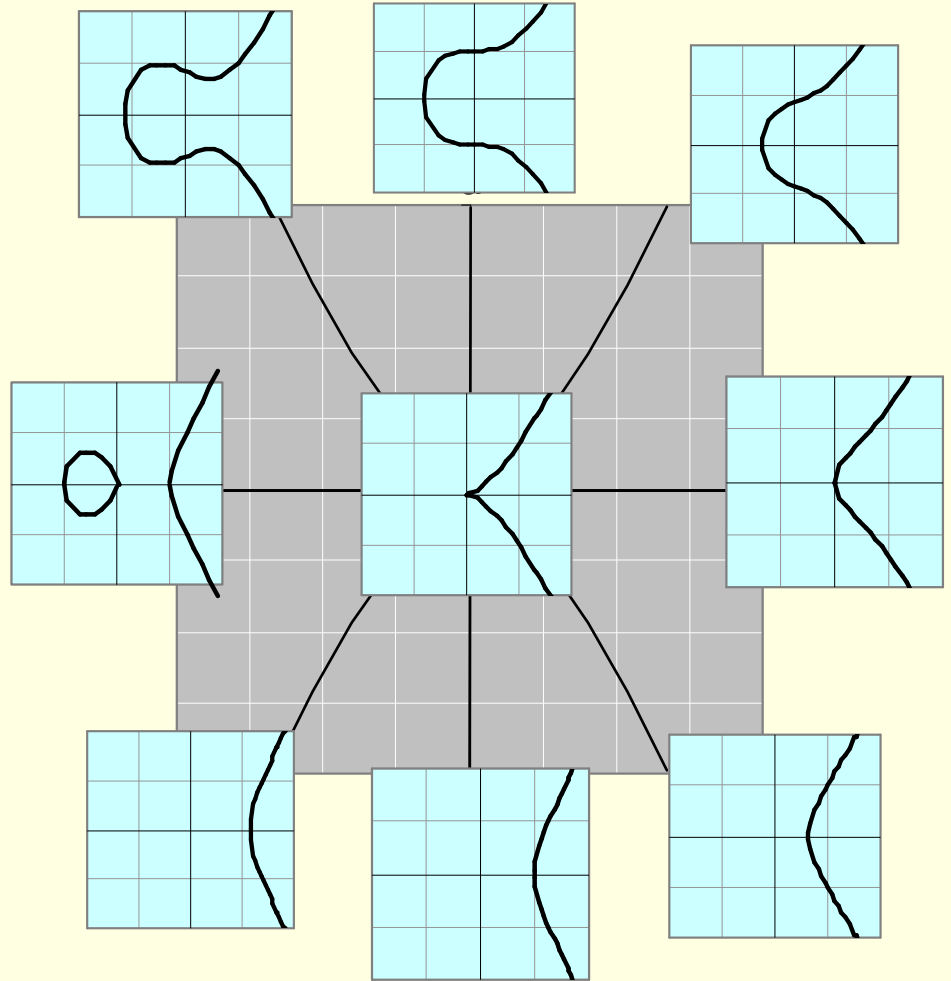
Plot Y squared

$$Y^2 = X^3 + cX + d$$



Samples of Irreducible Cubics

$$Y = \sqrt{X^3 + cX + d}$$



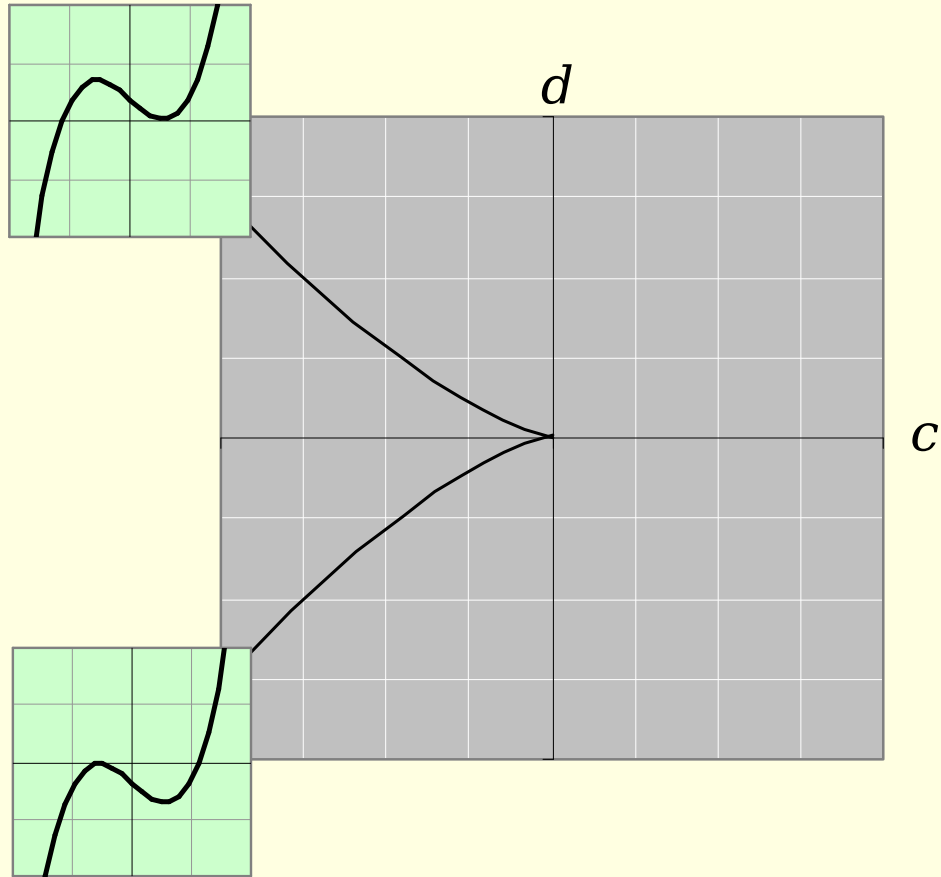
Particularly Interesting Cases

$$Y^2 = X^3 - 3X + 2$$

$$= (X + 2)(X - 1)^2$$

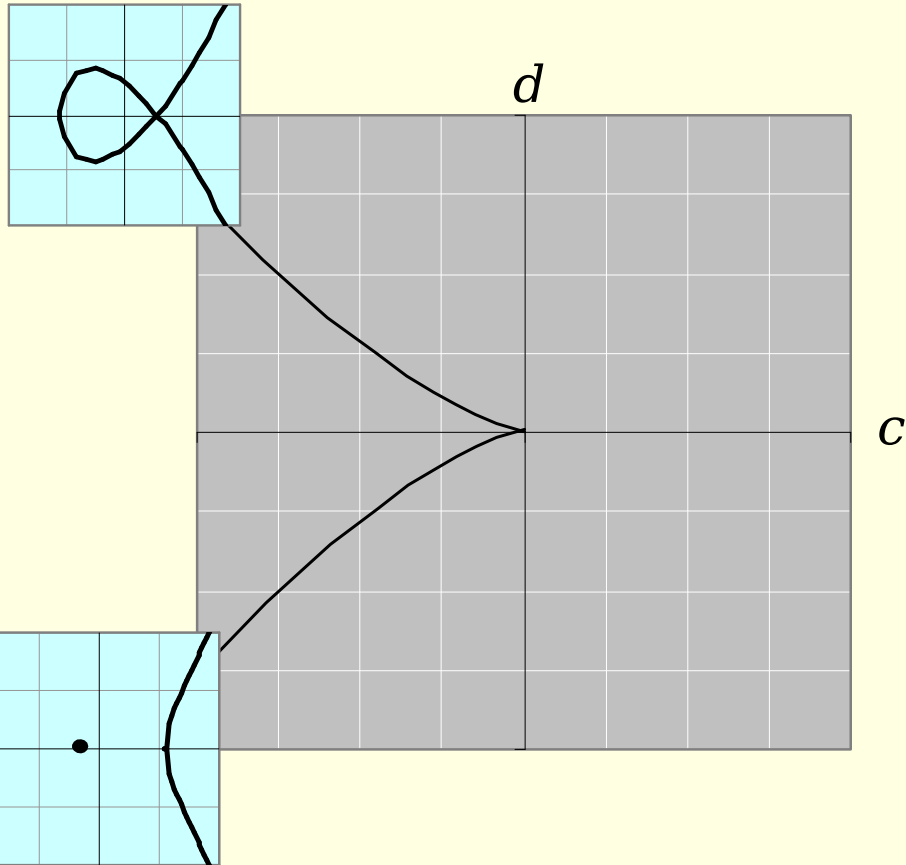
$$Y^2 = X^3 - 3X - 2$$

$$= (X - 2)(X + 1)^2$$



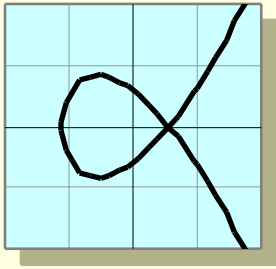
Acnode and Crunode

$$\begin{aligned} Y^2 &= X^3 - 3X + 2 \\ &= (X + 2)(X - 1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

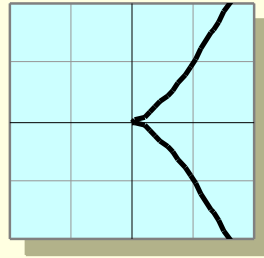


$$\begin{aligned} Y^2 &= X^3 - 3X - 2 \\ &= (X - 2)(X + 1)^2 \end{aligned}$$

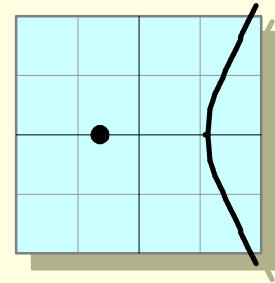
Irreducible Cubic Curves



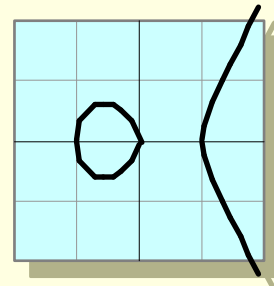
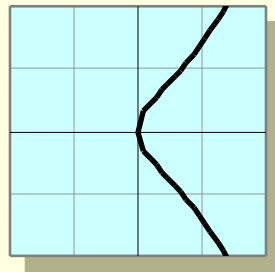
$$x^3 - 3xw^2 + 2w^3 - y^2w = 0$$



$$0 = x^3 - y^2w$$

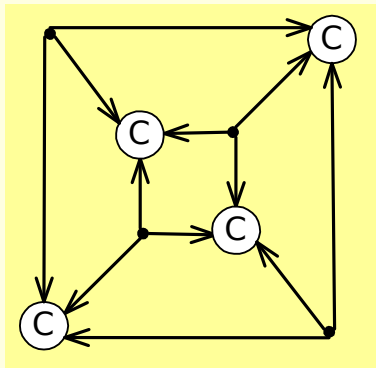


$$x^3 - 3xw^2 - 2w^3 - y^2w = 0$$

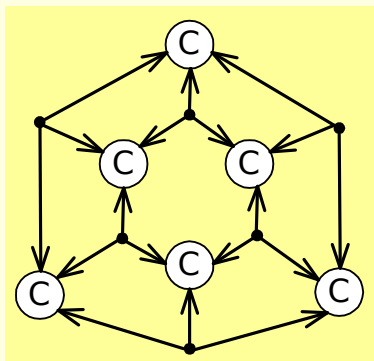


$$y^2w = x^3 + cxw^2 + dw^3$$

Invariants



$$I_{cube} = 24G^2 (E^2 - AH)$$



$$I_{hexagon} = 24G^3 \left(A(EH - AK) + 2E(AH - E^2) \right)$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 16A^3G^6 (A^3K^2 + 4H^3)$$

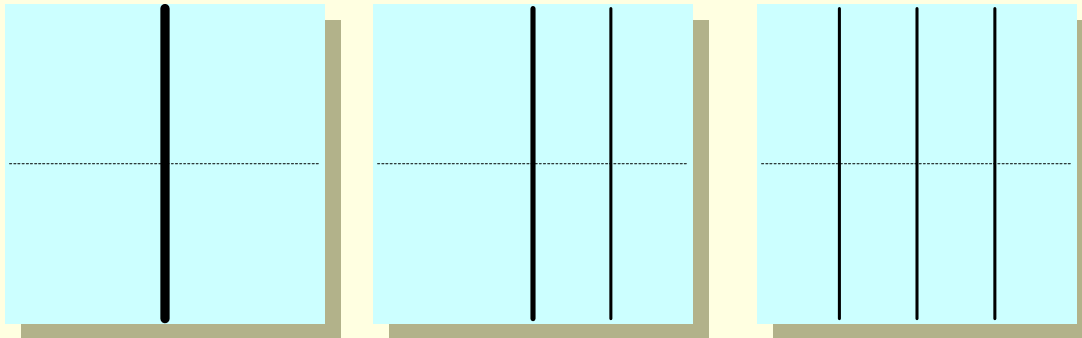
Doubly Reducible

$$I_{cube} = 0$$

$$G = 0$$

$$I_{hexagon} = 0$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 0$$

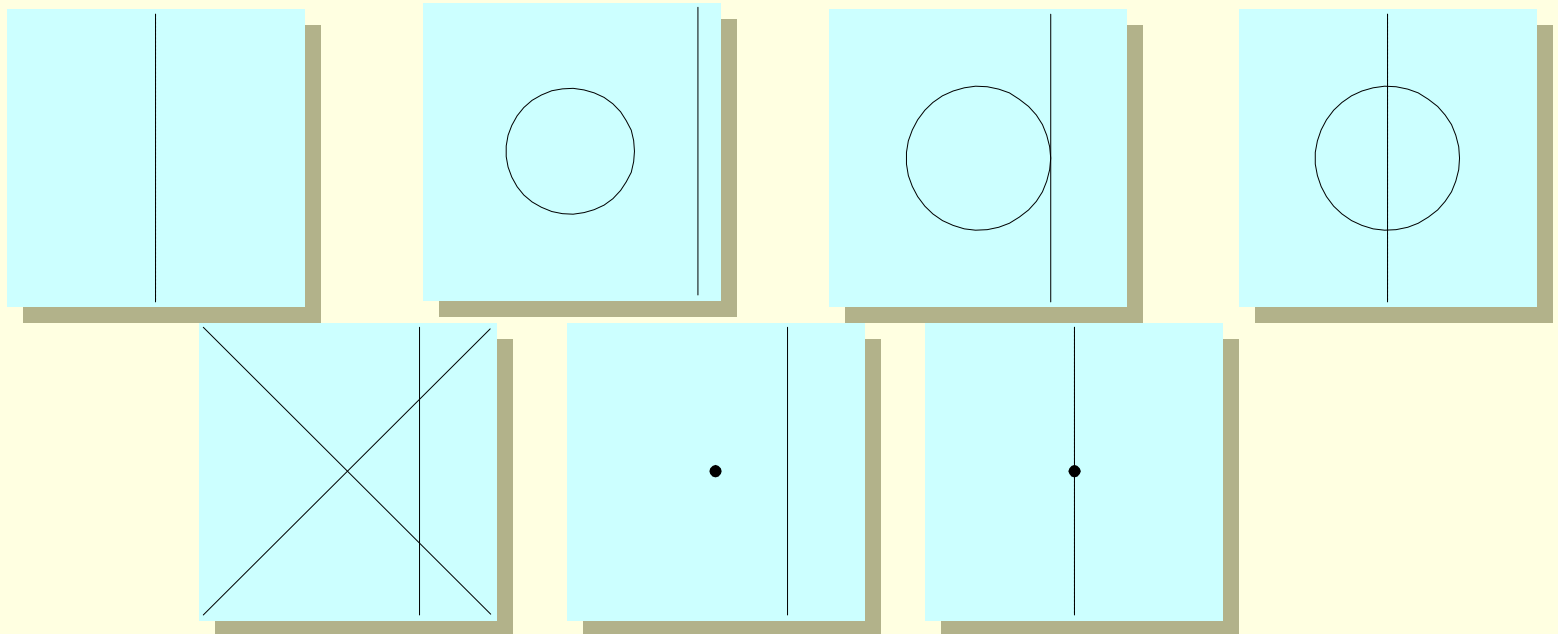


Reducible

$$I_{cube} = 24G^2E^2$$

$$A=0 \quad I_{hexagon} = -48G^3E^3$$

$$\mathbf{D}=0$$

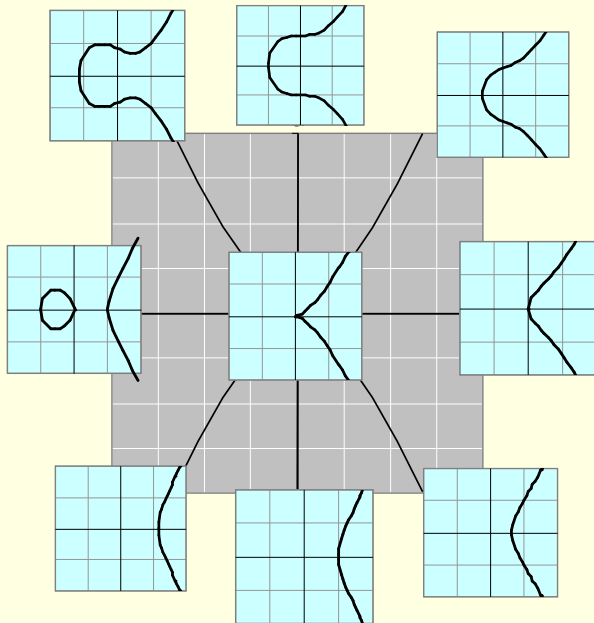


Irreducible

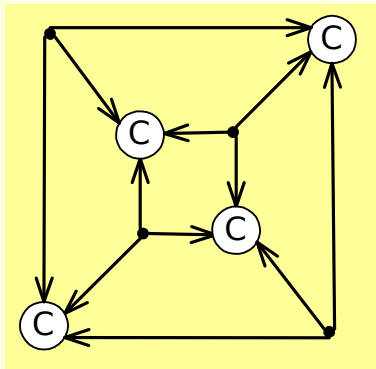
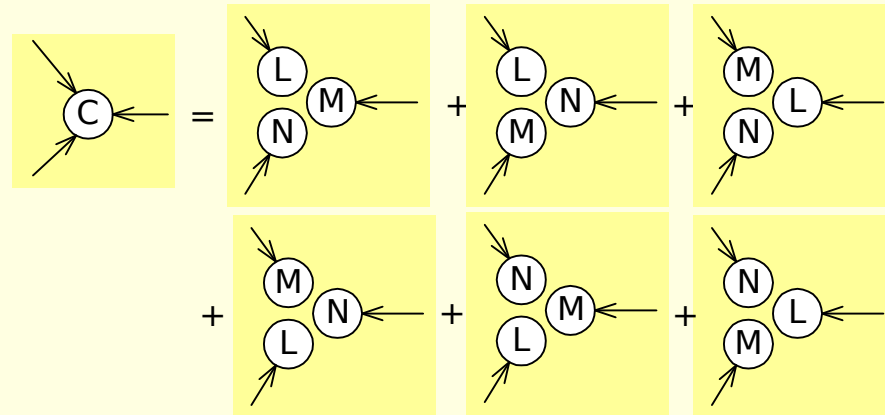
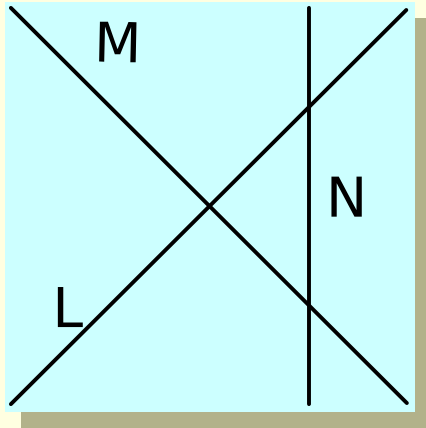
$$I_{cube} = -24H$$

$$G=1, A=1, E=0 \quad I_{hexagon} = -24K$$

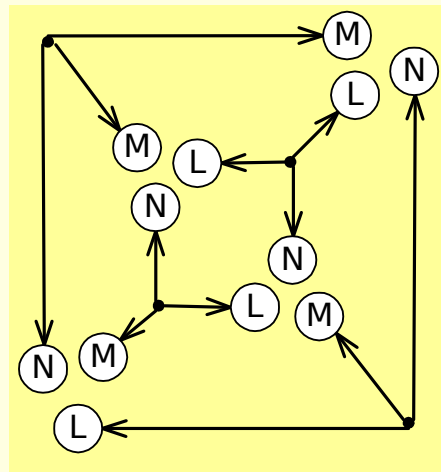
$$\mathbf{D} = 16(K^2 + 4H^3)$$



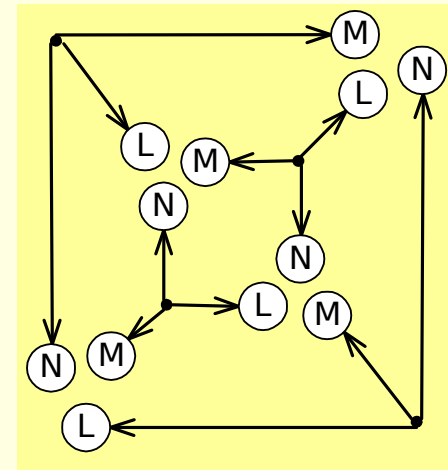
SubAtomic Cubics - Reducible



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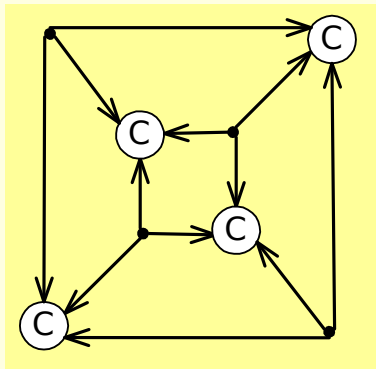
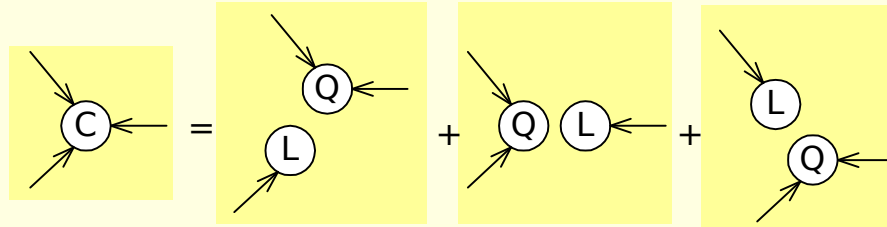
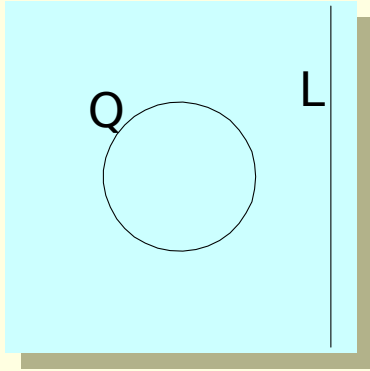


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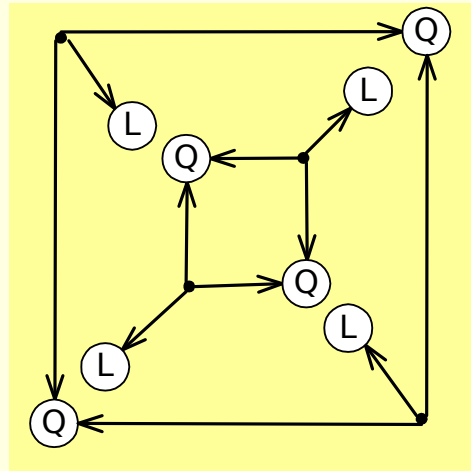


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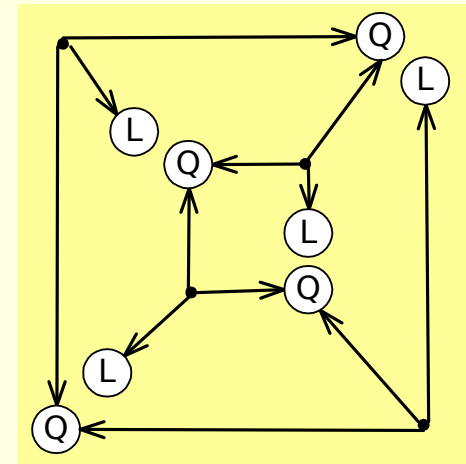
SubAtomic Cubics - Reducible



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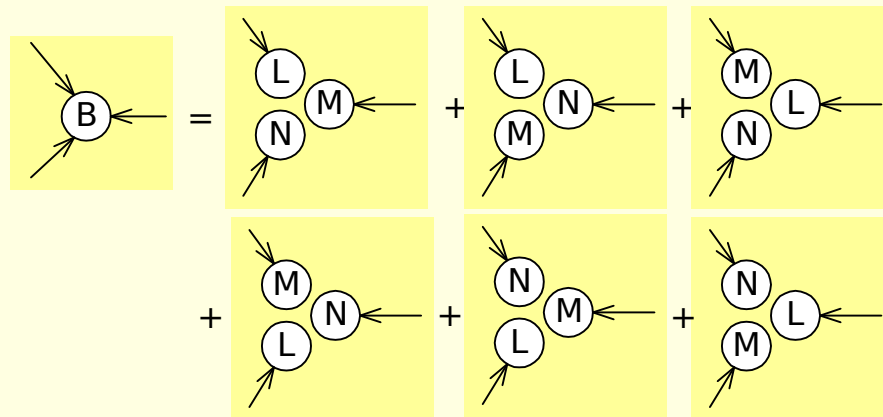
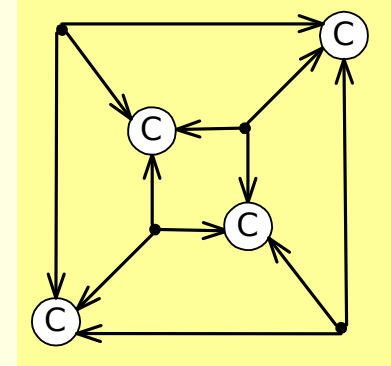
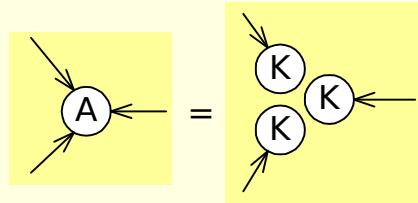
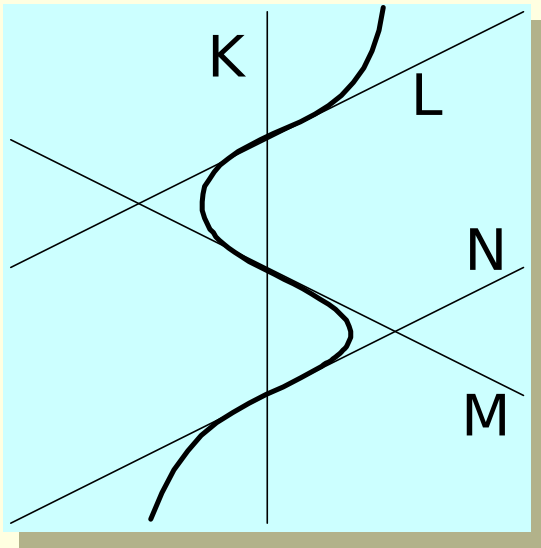
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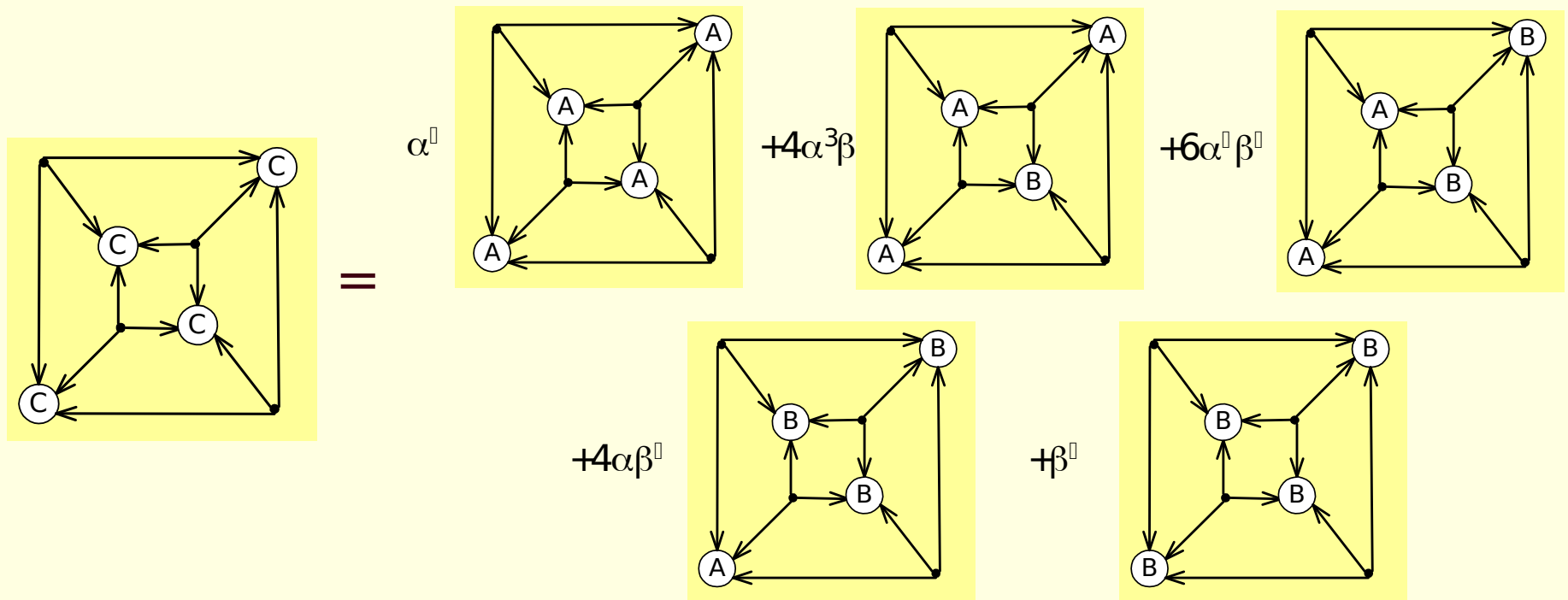
+ ...

SubAtomic Cubics - Irreducible

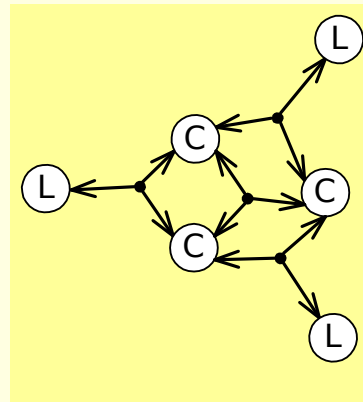
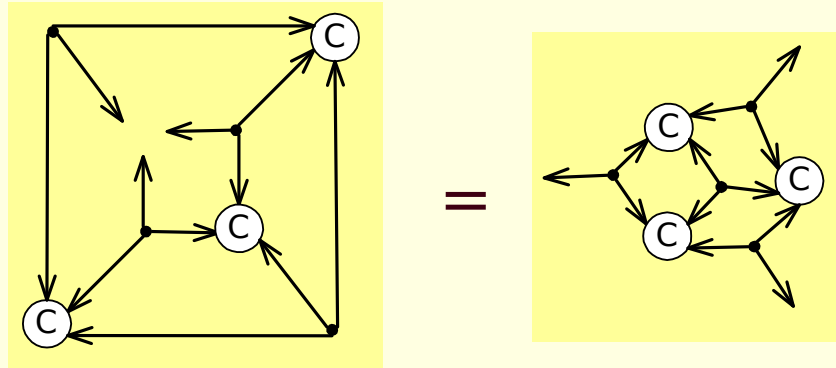
$$\mathbf{C} = a\mathbf{A} + b\mathbf{B}$$



SubAtomic Cubics - Irreducible $\mathbf{C} = a\mathbf{A} + b\mathbf{B}$



Caylean



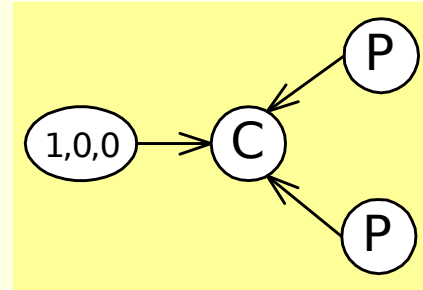
= 0 Means
what?

First Derivatives

$$f(x, y, w) = Ax^3 + 3Bx^2y + 3Cxy^2 + Dy^3 + 3Ex^2w + 6Fxyw + 3Gy^2w + 3Hxw^2 + 3Jyw^2 + Kw^3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & y & w \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3A & 6Bx & 6Cy & 3D \\ 6Bx & 3A & 6C & 6E \\ 6Cy & 6C & 3A & 6F \\ 3D & 6E & 6F & 3A \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ w \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = f_x = 3Ax^2 + 6Bxy + 3Cy^2 + 6Exw + 6Fyw + 3Hw^2$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} f_x \\ f_y \\ f_w \end{bmatrix} = 3 \rightarrow \text{Diagram} = \rightarrow \text{Diagram}$$

The diagram on the left is identical to the one in the previous block, showing a vector (1, 0, 0) pointing to node C, which is then pointed to by two P nodes.

The diagram on the right shows a single circular node labeled 'L' with an incoming arrow from the left.

Second Derivatives

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & y & w \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial w} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial w} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial w \partial x} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial w \partial y} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial w^2} \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

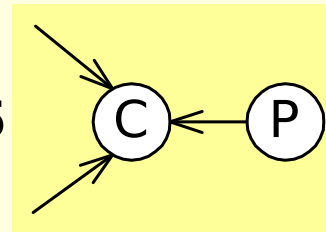
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = f_x = 3Ax^2 + 6Bxy + 3Cy^2 + 6Exw + 6Fyw + 3Hw^2$$

$$f_{xx} = 6Ax + 6By + 6Ew$$

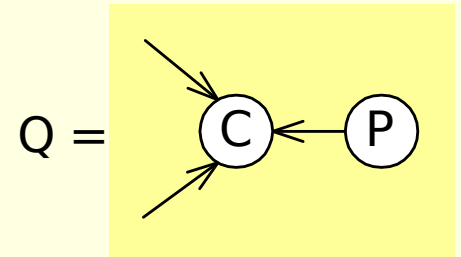
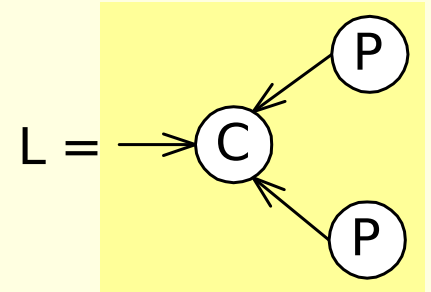
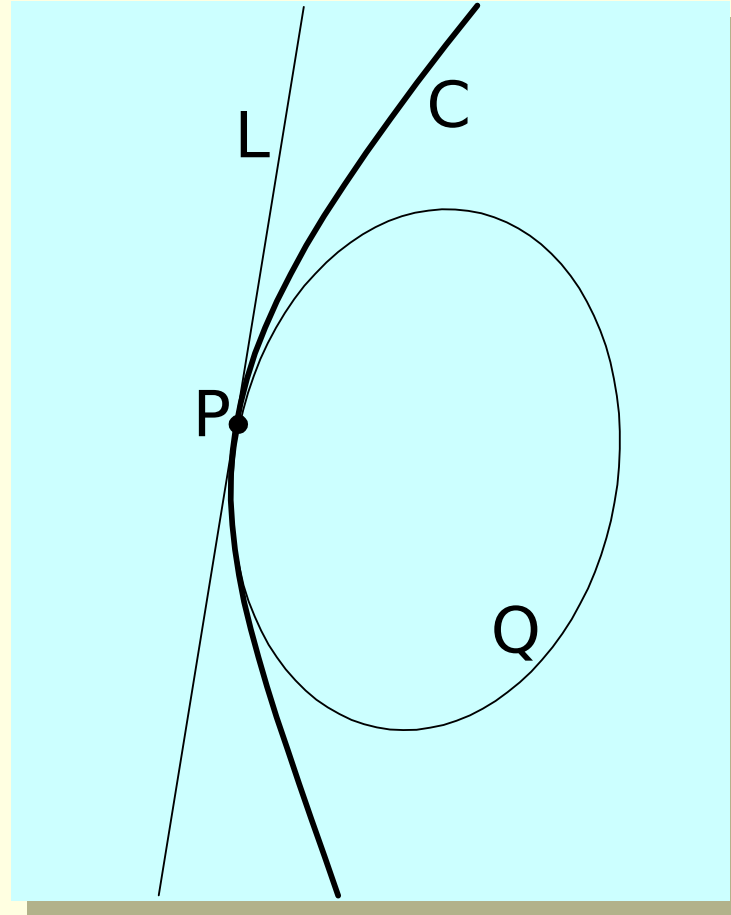
$$f_{xy} = 6Bx + 6Cy + 6Fw$$

$$f_{xw} = 6Ex + 6Fy + 6Hw$$

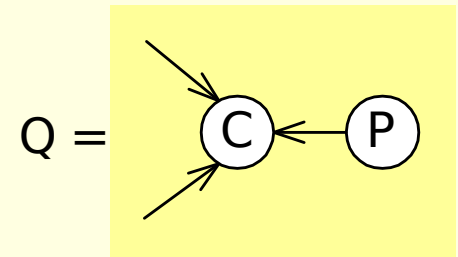
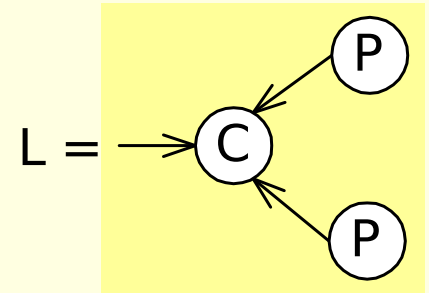
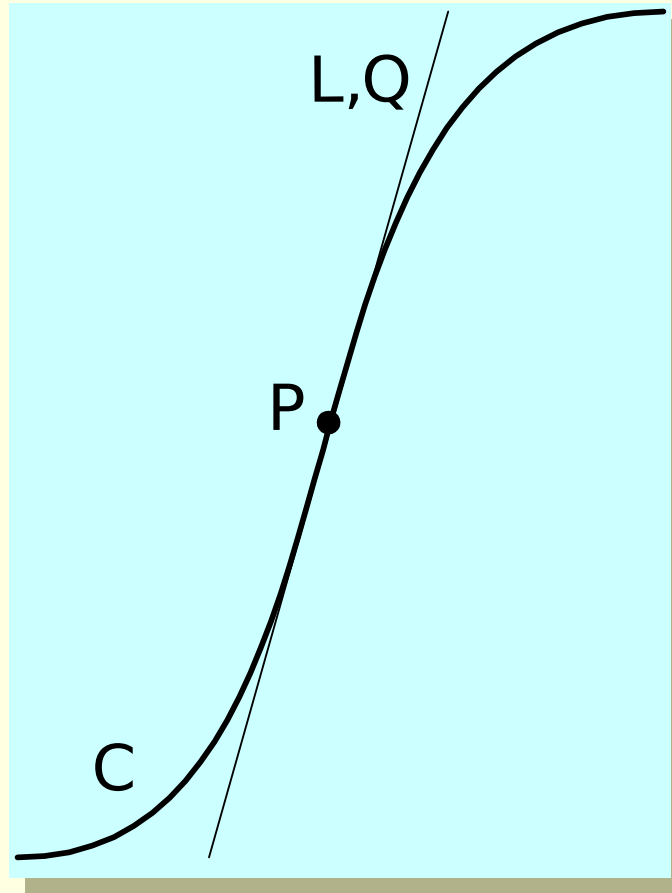
$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{xx} & f_{xy} & f_{xw} \\ f_{xy} & f_{yy} & f_{yw} \\ f_{xw} & f_{yw} & f_{ww} \end{bmatrix} = 6$$



Typical Points



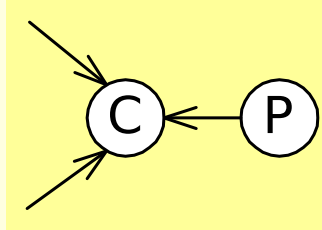
Inflection Points



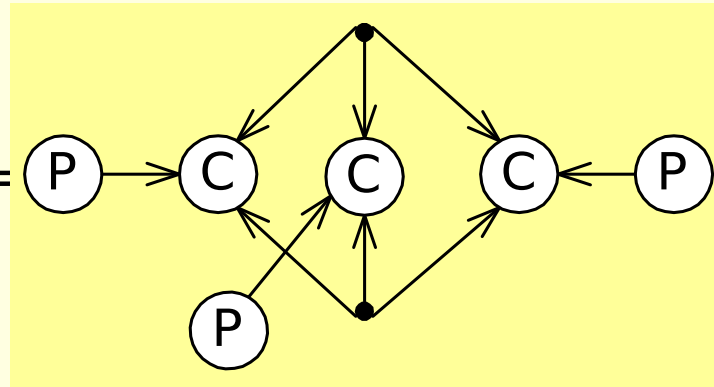
$$\det \mathbf{Q} = 0$$

Hessian

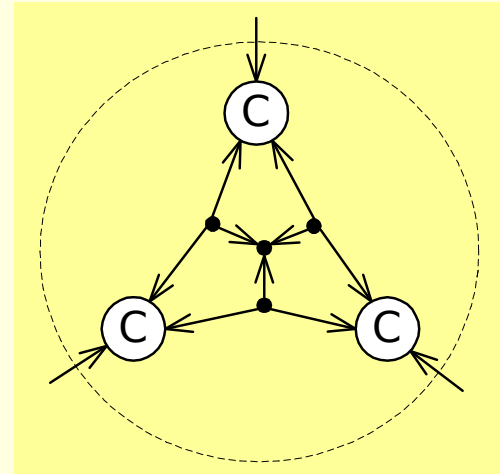
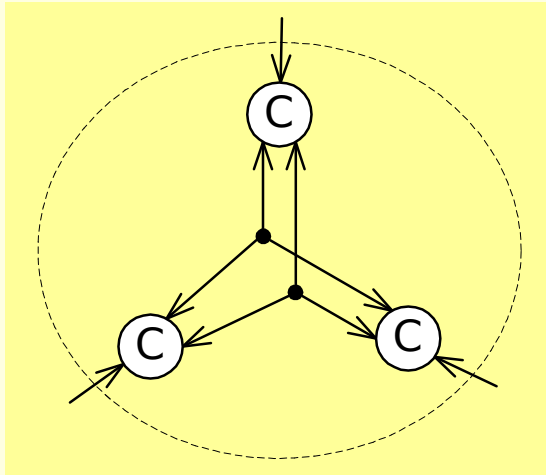
$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{xx} & f_{xy} & f_{xw} \\ f_{xy} & f_{yy} & f_{yw} \\ f_{xw} & f_{yw} & f_{ww} \end{bmatrix} = 6$$



$$\mathbf{H}(x, y, w) = \det \begin{bmatrix} f_{xx} & f_{xy} & f_{xw} \\ f_{xy} & f_{yy} & f_{yw} \\ f_{xw} & f_{yw} & f_{ww} \end{bmatrix} = 0$$



Hessian Diagram Forms



Note: Hessian transforms with original curve

Hessian of Hessian

